

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

| Product name | : | KRYON HFO-1234yf |
|--------------------|---|--|
| SDS-number | : | GG_GF 079 |
| Type of product | : | Substance |
| Remarks | : | SDS according to Art. 31 of Regulation (EC) 1907/2006. |
| | | |
| Chemical name | : | 2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoroprop-1-ene |
| CAS-No. | : | 754-12-1 |
| REACH Registration | : | no data available |

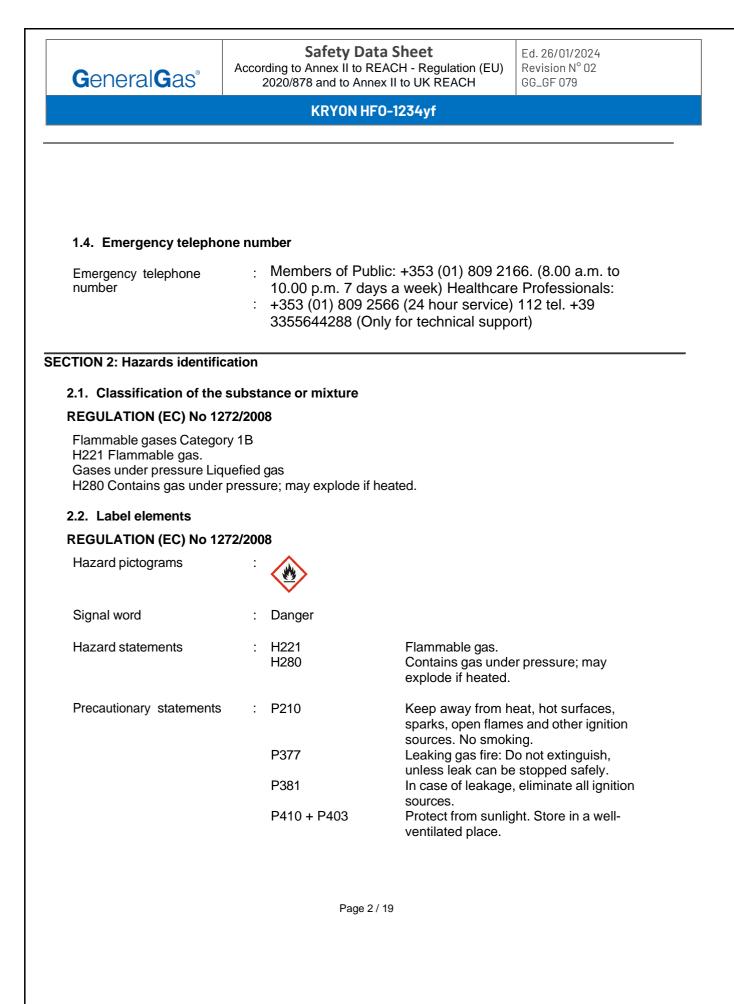
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Use of the Substance/Mixture | : | Refrigerant |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| Uses advised against | : | Direct evaporation applications |
| Short title of exposure scenarios | : | Industrial Use, Heat Transfer Fluids – Refrigerants, Coolants Professional Use, Heat Transfer Fluids – Refrigerants, Coolants Formulation of preparations Use, service life, and waste stage environmental exposure |

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

| Company | : | General Gas S.r.l. Via Aosta , 5 Cernusco Sul Naviglio (MI) – 20063 ITALIA |
|--|---|--|
| Telephone | : | +39 02 92141835 |
| For further information, please contact: | : | m.migliaccio@gas-tec.it |

Page 1 / 19





Special labelling of certain : Contains fluorinated greenhouse gases. products:

2.3. Other hazards

Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing. Rapid evaporation of the liquid may cause frostbite. This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher. The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

| Chemical name | CAS-No. Index-No. REACH Registration Number EC-No. | Classification 1272/2008 | Concentration | Remarks |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|---------------|---------|
| 2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoroprop-1- ene | 754-12-1 468-710-7 | Press. Gas Liquefied gas; H280 Flam. Gas 1B; H221 | 100 % | |

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

Occupational Exposure Limit(s), if available, are listed in Section 8. For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice:

First aider needs to protect himself. Move out of dangerous area. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

Page 3 / 19



Safety Data Sheet According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

Ed. 26/01/2024 Revision N° 02 GG_GF 079

KRYON HFO-1234yf

Inhalation:

When inhaled remove to fresh air and seek medical aid. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

Skin contact:

Rapid evaporation of the liquid may cause frostbite. In case of contact with liquid, thaw frosted parts with water, then remove clothing carefully. Wash with plenty of water Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Consult a physician.

Eye contact:

Protect unharmed eye. Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician immediately.

Ingestion:

Ingestion is unlikely because of the physical properties and is not expected to be hazardous.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Adrenaline derivatives are contra-indicated. Treat symptomatically.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

Page 4 / 19



SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable gas. Contents under pressure. Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing. Vapors may travel to areas away from work site before igniting/flashing back to vapor source. Fire or intense heat may cause violent rupture of packages. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. In case of fire hazardous decomposition products may be produced such as: Hydrogen fluoride Carbonyl halides Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear personal protective equipment. Unprotected persons must be kept away. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Avoid skin contact with leaking liquid (danger of frostbite). Ventilate the area. Vapors may travel to areas away from work site before igniting/flashing back to vapor source. Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing. Ensure that the oxygen content is >= 19.5%.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Page 5 / 19



The product evaporates readily. Prevent product from entering drains.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Use explosion-proof equipment. No sparking tools should be used. Ventilate the area.

Allow to evaporate.

Inform the responsible authorities in case of gas leakage, or of entry into waterways, soil or drains. Pay attention to the spreading of gases especially at ground level (heavier than air) and to the direction of the wind.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling:

Exhaust ventilation at the object is necessary. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Use suitably rated equipment.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion:

Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Fire or intense heat may cause violent rupture of packages. Use suitably rated equipment.

Hygiene measures: Provide adequate ventilation. Do not smoke. When using do not eat or drink.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Further information on storage conditions:

Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Containers should be protected against falling down. Protect from warmth. Keep away from direct sunlight. Keep only in the original container at temperature not exceeding 50°C

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Page 6 / 19



KRYON HF0-1234yf

no additional data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits:

| Components | Basis / Value type | Value / Form of exposure | Exceeding Factor | Remarks |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------|
| 2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoroprop-1-ene | WEEL TWA | 500 ppm | | |
| 2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoroprop-1-ene | HONEYWELL TWA | 500 ppm | | |

WEEL - US Workplace Environmental Exposure Level

TWA - Time weighted average

DNEL/ PNEC-Values

| Component | End- use/impact | Exposure duration | Value | Exposure routes | Remarks |
|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------|
| 2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoroprop-1- ene | Workers / Long-term systemic effects | | 950 mg/m3 | Inhalation | |
| 2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoroprop-1- ene | Consumers / Long-term systemic effects | | 113,1 mg/m3 | Inhalation | |
| 2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoroprop-1- ene | Workers / Acute systemic effects | | 186400 mg/m3 | Inhalation | |
| 2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoroprop-1- ene | Consumers / Acute systemic effects | | 186400 mg/m3 | Inhalation | |

| Component | Environmental compartment / | Remarks |
|-----------|-----------------------------|---------|
| | | |

Page 7 / 19



| | Value | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| 2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoroprop-1-ene | Fresh water: 0,1 mg/l | |
| 2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoroprop-1-ene | Marine water: 0,01 mg/l | |
| 2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoroprop-1-ene | Fresh water sediment: 1,51 mg/kg | |
| 2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoroprop-1-ene | Marine sediment: 0,151 mg/kg | |
| 2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoroprop-1-ene | Soil: 1,49 mg/kg | |

8.2. Exposure controls

Occupational exposure controls

The Personal Protective Equipment must be in accordance with EN standards:respirator EN 136, 140, 149; safety glasses EN 166; protective suit: EN 340, 463, 468, 943-1, 943-2; gloves EN 374, 511; safety shoes EN-ISO 20345.

Engineering measures

Highly effective exhaust ventilation

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus (EN 133) Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing.

Hand protection: Protective gloves against cold (EN 511)

Eye protection: Safety goggles

Skin and body protection: Wear suitable protective equipment.

Page 8 / 19



Environmental exposure controls

Handle in accordance with local environmental regulations and good industrial practices.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| (a) Physical state | : | gaseous |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| (b) Colour | : | colourless |
| (c) Odour | : | slight, original odour |
| (d) Melting point/freezing point | : | Not applicable, as this product is a gas. |
| (e) Boiling point/boiling range | : | -29,4 °C |
| (f) Flammability | : | Flammable gas. Method: Flammability (gases) |
| (g) Lower and upper explosion limit | : | Lower explosion limit 6,2 %(V) Method: ASTM E681-04 Lower flammability limit |
| | : | Upper explosion limit 12,3 %(V) Method: ASTM E681-04 Upper flammability limit |
| (h) Flash point | : | Not applicable, as this product is a gas. |
| (i) Auto-ignition temperature | : | 405 °C |
| (j) Decomposition temperature | : | Stable under normal conditions. |
| (k) pH | : | Not applicable, as this product is a gas. |
| (I) Viscosity, kinematic | : | Not applicable, as this product is a gas. Page 9 / 19 |



| (m) Solubility(ies) | : | Water solubility: 198,2 mg/l at 24 °C Method: 92/69/EEC, A.6 |
|--|---|---|
| (n) Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : | log Pow 2,15 Method: 92/69/EEC, A.8 |
| (o) Vapour pressure | : | 6.067 hPa at 21,1 ℃ |
| | | 14.203 hPa at 54,4 °C |
| (p) Density and / or relative density | : | 1,1 g/cm3 at 25 ℃ |
| (q) Relative vapour density | : | 4 |
| (r) Particle characteristics | : | No data available |
| 9.2 Other Information | | |
| Oxidizing properties | : | Not applicable: Not expected to have oxidizing properties based on theoretical evaluation |
| Evaporation rate | : | Not applicable, as this product is a gas. |
| Viscosity, dynamic | : | Not applicable, as this product is a gas. |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability

Page 10 / 19



Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Heat, flames and sparks. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Alkali metals Oxidizers (e.g. peroxide residues present in insufficiently cured rubbers) Finely divided metal powders such as aluminum, magnesium, or zinc.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In case of fire hazardous decomposition products may be produced such as: Hydrogen fluoride Carbonyl halides Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2)

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

(a) Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity: Not applicable study technically not feasible

Acute dermal toxicity: Not applicable study technically not feasible

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 Species: Rat

Page 11 / 19



KRYON HF0-1234yf

Value: > 400000 ppm Exposure time: 4 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration): No data available

(b) Skin corrosion/irritation:

Not applicable study technically not feasible

(c) Serious eye damage/eye irritation:

Not applicable study technically not feasible

(d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Route of exposure: Dermal Not applicable, as this product is a gas. study technically not feasible

(e) Germ cell mutagenicity:

Test Method: Ames test Result: 20% and higher, positive in TA 100 and e. coli WP2 uvrA, negative in TA98, TA100, and TA1535. Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Test Method: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Cell type: Human lymphocytes Result: negative Method: OECD Test Guideline 473 Note: Dose 760,000 ppm

Species: Mouse Cell type: Micronucleus Dose: up to 200,000 ppm (4 hour) Method: OECD Test Guideline 474 Result: negative

Test Method: Unscheduled DNA synthesis Dose: up to 50,000 ppm (4 weeks) Method: OECD Test Guideline 486 Result: negative

Page 12 / 19



KRYON HF0-1234yf

Species: Rat Cell type: Micronucleus Dose: up to 50,000 ppm (4 weeks) Method: OECD Test Guideline 474 Result: negative

(f) Carcinogenicity:

Species: Rat Note: Not classified as a human carcinogen. Substance not expected to be a carcinogen based on available data.

(g) Reproductive toxicity:

Species: Rat Application Route: Inhalation exposure Exposure time: Two-generation reproductive toxicity NOAEL, parent: 50,000 ppm NOAEL,F1: 50,000 ppm NOAEL,F2: 50,000 ppm Test Type: Two-generation study Method: OECD Test Guideline 416 Species: Rat Route of Application: Inhalation General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEC: 50.000 ppm General Toxicity F1: NOAEC: 50.000 ppm Method: OECD Test Guideline 414 Species: Rat Route of Application: inhalation (gas) General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 50.000 ppm Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 50.000 ppm Method: OECD Test Guideline 414 Species: Rabbit Route of Application: inhalation (gas) General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEC: 2.500 ppm Embryo-foetal toxicity: NOAEC: 4.000 ppm Remarks: Embryo-fetal toxicity observed at maternally toxic concentrations (h) STOT-single exposure: No data available

(i) STOT - repeated exposure:

Species: Rat Application Route: Inhalation Exposure time: 2 Weeks

Page 13 / 19



KRYON HF0-1234yf

NOEL: 50000 Method: OECD Test Guideline 412 Species: Rat **Application Route: Inhalation** Exposure time: 4 Weeks NOAEL: 50000 ppm Method: OECD Test Guideline 412 Species: Rat **Application Route: Inhalation** Exposure time: 13 Weeks NOAEL: 50000 ppm Method: OECD Test Guideline 413 Species: Rabbit, male **Application Route: Inhalation** Exposure time: 28 d NOEL: 500 Method: OECD Test Guideline 412 Note: There are no observed toxicological effects, which result in classification as a specific target organ toxicant.

Species: Rabbit, female Application Route: Inhalation Exposure time: 28 d NOEL: 1000 Method: OECD Test Guideline 412 Note: There are no observed toxicological effects, which result in classification as a specific target organ toxicant.

Species: Mini-pig Application Route: Inhalation Exposure time: 28 d NOAEL: 10000 ppm Note: highest exposure tested

(*j*) Aspiration hazard: Not applicable, as this product is a gas.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties No data available

Other information:

Page 14 / 19



KRYON HF0-1234yf

Cardiac Sensitization (dog): No effects for exposures up to 12% (120,189 ppm)

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: LC50 Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp) Value: > 197 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 No demonstrable toxic effect in saturated solution.

Toxicity to aquatic plants: EC50 Species: Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae) Value: > 100 mg/l Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates: EC50 Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Value: > 83 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable. Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

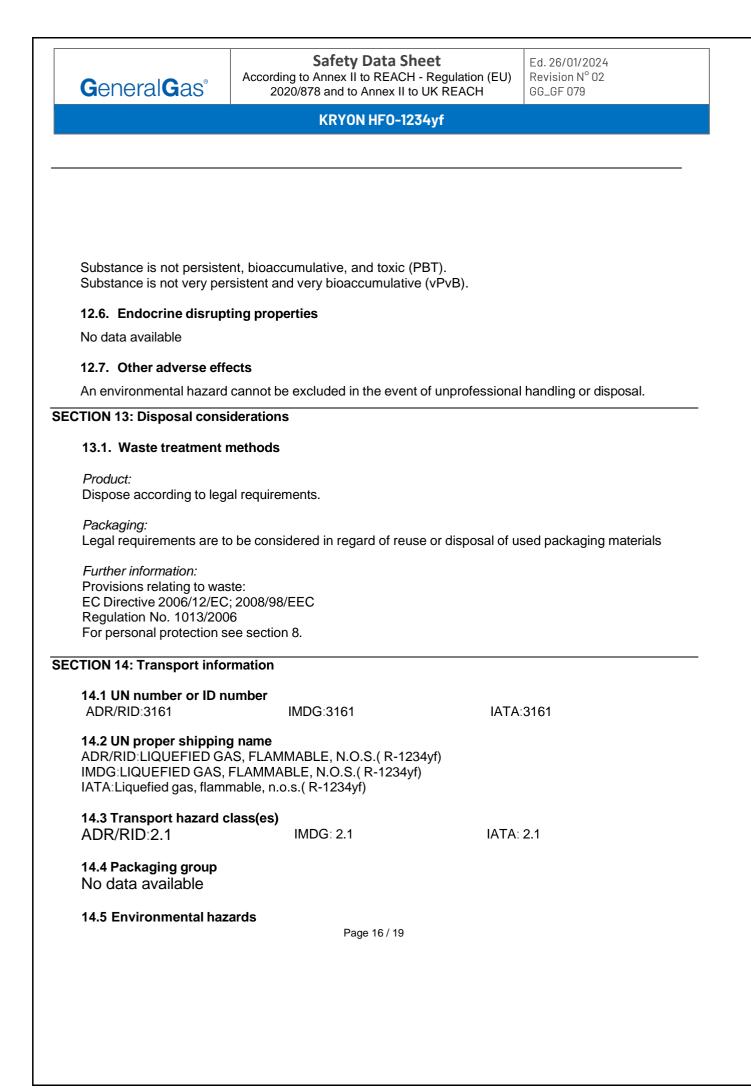
Due to the distribution coefficient n-octanol/water, accumulation in organisms is not expected.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Page 15 / 19





ADR/RID:no

Marine pollutant: no

14.6 Special precautions for user

IMDG Code segregation group according chapter 3.1.4.4 : NONE,

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments No data available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

| Basis | Value | Remarks |
|---|----------------------------------|---|
| Directive 2012/18/EC SEVESO III Listed in Regulation : P2: Flammable gases | Quantity: 10 t Quantity: 50 t | |
| Substances of very high concern (SVHC) | | This product does not contain substances of very high concern according to Regulation (EC) No Article 57 above the respective regulatory 1907/2006 (REACH), concentration limit of \geq 0.1 % (w/w). |
| Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIV | | Not listed |
| Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XVII Number in Regulation: 40 | | Listed |
| Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants (recast) EU POPS | | Not listed |
| Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 EU ODS | | Not listed |

Global warming potential :

4

Other inventory information

Page 17 / 19



US. Toxic Substances Control Act On TSCA Inventory

Australia. Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC), as amended On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Canada. Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA). Domestic Substances List (DSL) All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL

Japan. Kashin-Hou Law List On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Korea. Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI) On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Philippines. Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

China. Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (IECSC) On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

New Zealand. Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC), as published by ERMA New Zealand On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI) On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Text of H-statements referred to under heading 3

| 2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoroprop-1- | : | H280 | Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. |
|----------------------------|---|------|---|
| ene | | H221 | Flammable gas. |

Further information

Page 18 / 19



Safety Data Sheet According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

Ed. 26/01/2024 Revision N° 02 GG_GF 079

KRYON HF0-1234yf

All directives and regulations refer to amended versions. Vertical lines in the left hand margin indicate a relevant amendment from the previous version.

Abbreviations: EC European Community CAS Chemical Abstracts Service DNEL Derived no effect level PNEC Predicted no effect level vPvB Very persistent and very biaccumulative substance PBT Persistent, bioaccmulative und toxic substance

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user.

This information should not constitute a guarantee for any specific product properties.

Page 19 / 19